Town of Windsor

Memorandum

December 4, 2009

TO:

The Honorable Mayor and Members of Town Council

FROM:

John L. Rowe, Jr., Interim Town Manager

SUBJECT:

The 2008-2009 Audit

This is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This document is commonly referred to as the "Audit for Fiscal Year 2008-2009."

As you know, Diane Smith, CPA, our independent auditor, will give you a comprehensive briefing on this report at your 8 December Council meeting.

Despite the recession, Fiscal Year 2008-2009 was a great year financially for the Town. The original budget for 2008-2009 anticipated using \$5,000 from the Fund Balance of the General Fund to balance the budget. We did not have to use the Fund Balance as a funding source for our revenues were greater than we expected. We received \$110,561 more in revenues than we budgeted.

I am both happy and proud to report that all of our departments lived within their budgets. In fact, our General Fund expenditures were \$260,055 less than those authorized by Council.

Because General Fund revenues were greater than anticipated and expenditures were less than budgeted, the net outcome was an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$370,616. Our Fund Balance for the General Fund grew from \$1,022,613 to \$1,393,229.

Our General Fund remains strong, and I am very proud of the financial discipline that our employees exercise. This report is testimony of their great efforts.

I encourage you to read this report in detail, and please do not hesitate to ask Diane questions as she makes her presentation.

If you have any questions for me, then please do not hesitate to call me over the weekend. You have my numbers, but for ease of reference, my cell phone number is 390-7219 and my home phone number is 483-3136.

C: Robin Hewett
Bob Porti
Pret Pretlow
Kenny Sims
Michael Stallings

Town of Windsor, Virginia

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2009

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TOWN OF WINDSOR

Town Elected Officials
Marvin A. Crocker, Jr., Mayor
William L. Jones—Vice Mayor
J. Clinton Bryant
Wesley F. Garris
Carita J. Richardson
Durwood V. Scott
Greg Willis



Established 1902

Interim Town Manager John L. Rowe, Jr.

Town Clerk/Treasurer Robin L. Hewett

> Town Attorney Joshua Pretlow, Jr.

December 4, 2009

The Honorable Mayor, Members of Town Council, and Citizens of the Town of Windsor Town of Windsor, Virginia

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Town of Windsor, Virginia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. This report was prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as set forth in the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Town management is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the following about the data presented in this report:

- It is accurate in all material respects.
- It is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the Town as measured by the financial activity of its various funds.
- We have included all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the Town's financial affairs.

As you know, the Town of Windsor was established by act of the Virginia General Assembly in 1902. It is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia with a Mayor, a Town Council, and a Town Manager. The citizens of Windsor elect a Mayor and six Town Council members; the Town Council appoints the Town Manager. The Town is part of Isle of Wight County, and it has taxing powers subject to restrictions imposed by the Virginia General Assembly.

State law requires that a certified public accountant selected by the Town Council audit the Town's annual financial statements. Diane Y. Smith, CPA, PC, performed this annual audit of the financial and transactions of all funds, and departments of the Town for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. The reader can find the auditor's report and the auditor's opinion on the Town's basic financial statements in this report.

In summary, we sincerely appreciate the Town Council's support and cooperation in planning and conducting the Town's financial operations.

Respectfully submitted,

John L. Rowe, Jr.

Interim Town Manager

Mayor

Marvin A. Crocker, Jr.

Vice Mayor

William L. Jones

Council Members

J. Clinton Bryant

Wesley F. Garris

Carita J. Richardson

Durwood V. Scott

Greg Willis

Interim Town Manager

John L. Rowe, Jr.

Assistant Town Manager

Michael Stallings

Town Clerk/Treasurer

Robin L. Hewett

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is management's discussion and analysis of this report. The discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements following this section.

Financial Highlights

The following are a few financial highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009:

- Town Council adopted the 2008-2009 Operating Budget with the anticipation of using \$5,000 from the Fund Balance of the General Fund to balance the budget; however, because the Town's 2008-2009 General Fund revenues were greater than budgeted, the Town did not have to use any of the Fund Balance of the General Fund.
- General Fund expenditures were \$260,055 less than appropriated by Town Council for the 2008-2009 operating budget.
- All of the departments within the General Fund had operating expenditures that were less than the amounts appropriated by Council for that the department. However, per the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB), we must accrue unused vacation and sick leave. However, the Town does not accrue unused vacation and sick leave for budgetary purposes. Therefore, while it appears that the Police Department did not live within its approved expenditure budget, they did, in fact, meet their budget prior to the accruals.
- General Fund revenues were \$110,561 greater than originally anticipated by Town Council for the 2008-2009 operating budget.
- Because the General Fund revenues were greater than anticipated and expenditures were less than budgeted, the net outcome was an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$370,616.
- The Fund Balance of the General Fund grew from a beginning balance of \$1,022,613 to an ending balance of \$1,393,229.

Using This Report

Overview of the Financial Statements

We intend that the reader use this discussion and analysis as an introduction to the Town of Windsor's basic financial statements. The following three components comprise the Town's basic financial statements:

Government-wide financial statements,

- · Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

We have designed the government-wide financial statements so as to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances and in a manner that is similar to a private sector business. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, and we report the difference of the two as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. We report all changes in net assets as soon as the underlying event that gives rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, we report revenues and expenses in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The Town's governmental activities include general government administration, public safety, public works, and community development. The Town's business-type activities include the Water and Cemetery Fund.

The reader can find the government-wide financial statements on pages 3 and 4 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that the governmental unit segregates for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Windsor, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town are divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. The reader may find such information useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Windsor adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. We provide a budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The reader can find the basic governmental fund financial statements on pages 5 through 9 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town maintains the enterprise funds to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Cemetery Funds. These funds have been included in the government-wide financial statements.

The reader can find the basic proprietary fund financial statements on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader can find the notes to the financial statements on pages 17 through 30 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's Net Assets on the government-wide basis are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Current and other assets	\$1,464,229	\$1,163,026	\$ 276,635	\$ 262,603	\$1,740,864	\$1,425,629		
Capital Assets	1,006,708	1,075,349	1,812,138	1,932,752	2,818,846	3,008,101		
Total Assets	\$2,470,937	\$2,238,375	\$2,088,773	\$2,195,355	\$4,559,710	\$4,433,730		
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 773,227	\$ 782,871	\$ 773,227	\$ 782,871		
Other Liabilities	44,796	78,508	39,811	33,901	84,607	112,409		
Total Liabilities	\$ 44,796	\$ 78,508	\$ 813,038	\$ 816,772	\$ 857,834	\$ 895,280		

	Governmental Activities Business-Type Act			pe Activities	То	al		
Net Assets:	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt	\$1,006,708	\$1,075,349	\$1,812,138	\$1,149,881	\$2,818,846	\$2,225,230		
Unrestricted	1,419,433	1,084,518	(536,403)	228,702	883,030	1,313,220		
Total Net Assets	\$2,426,141	\$2,159,867	\$1,275,735	\$1,378 583	\$3,701,876	\$3,538,450		

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Windsor's net assets (76%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment and software.

Governmental Activities

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's revenues on the government-wide basis is as follows:

	To To	Total				
REVENUES	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Program			1		1	
Services:					İ	
Charges for						
services	\$ 186,506	\$ 220,060	\$ 369,859	\$ 248,944	\$ 556,365	\$ 474,004
Operating			_			
grants	103,343	77,622	14,000	_	117,343	77,622
General						
Revenues:		-				
Property taxes	312,852	188,415	-	-	312,852	188,415
Other taxes	747,494	726,031	-	-	747,494	726,031
Interest	22,772	25,871	15,295	25,879	38,067	51,750
Total						
Revenues	\$ 1,372,967	\$1,242,999	\$ 399,154	\$ 274,823	\$1,772,121	\$1,517,822

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's expenses on the government-wide basis is as follows:

	Governmenta	al Activities E	Business-Typ	e Activities	To	ta l
EXPENSES	2009	2008	2009 2008		2009	2008
General government	\$ 534,782	\$ 557,887	s -	\$ -	\$ 534,782	\$ 557,887
Public safety	436,382	385,767	-	-	436,382	358,767
Public works	116,126	126,423	_	-	116,126	126,423
Community development	15,515	20,622	-	"	15,515	20,622
Water services	-		467,726	430,485	467,726	430,485
Cemetery	-	_	2,276	6,768	2,276	6,768
Total					· -	

\$ 1,090,699 | \$ 470,002

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

\$ 1,102,805

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

\$ 478,287

\$1,572,807

\$1,596,986

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflow, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General fund revenues were greater than anticipated, and expenditures were less than budgeted. The net outcome was that revenues exceeded expenditures by \$370,616. As stated earlier, its ending balance was \$1,393,229. In summary, the General Fund remained strong during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2009.

The Water Fund shows a net loss of \$110,994. This is primarily due to the fact that the Town does not fully fund the depreciation expense in its Water Fund budget. However, it is important to note that Water Fund revenues were sufficient to cover operating expenses and to partially fund depreciation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

Economic Factors

Expenses

Despite the recession that existed throughout the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, the Town's revenues remained strong, with the exception of revenues from the local sales tax. The reduction in sales tax revenue is a result of a nation-wide overall reduction in retail spending for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. The Town receives the bulk of its revenues from sales tax, meals tax, cigarette tax, and traffic fines. Although the combination of these sources of revenue provides the Town more revenue than real estate and personal property taxes, they are economy driven. If there is a further downturn in the economy, then they can shrink. In this regard, the Town needs to diversify its tax base with additional commercial and industrial developments.

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Windsor, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Windsor's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Virginia, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report, November 30, 2009, on our consideration of the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information on pages 9 and 13, and individual statements and statistical information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Windsor, Virginia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, individual statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Town. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Dian y. Druth, CPA, PC

November 30, 2009

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2009

		Governmental I Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Unrestricted	\$	622,582	\$	10,460	\$	633,042
Restricted		126,803		29,318		156,121
Receivables						
Taxes (net of allowance for						
uncollectibles)		66,248			•	66,248
Other		-		42,188		42,188
Prepaid expenses		3,804		-		3,804
Due from other governmental units		11,953		-		11,953
Internal balances		181,012		(181,012)		-
Investments		451,827		369,083		820,910
Capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation)		666,353		1,703,890		2,370,243
Capital assets (not being depreciated)		340,355		108,248		448,603
Deferred bond cost (net of						
accumulated amortization)				6,598		6,598
Total assets	\$	2,470,937	<u>\$</u>	2,088,773	<u>\$</u>	4,559,710
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	9,691	\$	2,713	\$	12,404
Accrued expenses	•	35,105	•	7,780	•	42,885
Deposits payable		_		29,318		29,318
Bonds payable				,		_,,,,,,,
Due within one year		-		10,087		10,087
Due in more than one year		-		763,140		763,140
,	_					
Total liabilities		44,796		813,038		857,834
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt		1,006,708		1,812,138		2,818,846
Unrestricted		1,419,433		(536,403)		883,030
Oli Oblitored		1,T17,7JJ		(220,403)	-	060,050
Total net assets		2,426,141	_	1,275,735		3,701,876
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$</u>	2,470,937	<u>\$</u>	2,088,773	<u>\$</u>	4,559,710

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Program	Rev	enues	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets					
						Operating		Primary G				
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activity		siness-type Activity		Total
Primary government:			<u> </u>					<u>-</u>				
General government												
General government administration	\$	534,782	\$	67,455	\$	1,471	\$	(465,856)	\$	-	\$	(465,856)
Public safety		436,382		119,051		101,872		(215,459)		-		(215,459)
Public works		116,126		_		-		(116,126)		-		(116,126)
Community development		15,515		_				(15,515)				(15,515)
Total governmental activities		1,102,805		186,506		103,343		(812,956)		- _		<u>(812,956</u>)
Business-type activities:												
Water services		467,726		364,359		14,000		_		(89,367)		(89,367)
Cemetery plot sales		2,276		5,500		-		-		3,224		3,224
Total business-type activities		470,002		369,859		14,000				(86,143)		(86,143)
Total primary government	\$	1,572,807	\$	556,365	<u>\$</u>	117,343	_	(812,956)	_	(86,143)		(899 ,099).
	Ge	neral Revenu	es:									
	I	Real estate and	d pers	onal propert	y tax	es		312,852		_		312,852
		Local sales an						81,138		-		81,138
	(Consumers' ut	ility t	axes		•		109,524		_		109,524
]	Business licen	se tax	ces				105,924		_		105,924
)	Bank franchis	e taxe	s				186,983		_		186,983
]	Meals taxes						208,539		-		208,539
	(Other local tax	xes			•		55,386		_		55,386
]	Investment ea	mings	S				22,772		15,295	_	38,067
		Tota	al gen	eral revenue	S			1,083,118		15,295	_	1,098,413
		Cha	nge ir	net assets				270,162		(70,848)		199,314
	N	ET ASSETS										
		Beginning						2,123,979		1,378,583		3,502,562
		Transfers						32,000		(32,000)		
		Ending					\$_	2,426,141	\$	1,275,735	<u>\$</u>	3,701,876

See accompanying notes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

		General	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents								
Unrestricted	\$	622,582	\$	-	\$	622,582		
Restricted		100,599		26,204		126,803		
Receivables								
Taxes (net of allowances for								
uncollectibles)		66,248		-		66,248		
Prepaid expenses		3,804		-		3,804		
Due from other governmental units		11,953		-		11,953		
Due from other funds		181,012		-		181,012		
Investments		451,827			_	451,827		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,438,025	\$	26,204	<u>\$</u>	1,464,229		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	9,691	\$	_	\$	9,691		
Accrued expenses		35,105				35,105		
Total liabilities		44,796			_	44,796		
FUND BALANCES								
Unrestricted		1,393,229				1,393,229		
Designated for grant fund		-		26,204		26,204		
Total fund balances		1,393,229		26,204		1,419,433		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,438,025	<u>\$</u>	26,204	<u>\$</u>	1,464,229		

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Assets of Governmental Activities June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Total governmental fund balances 1,419,433 Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in the governmental activity are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the fund. 1,006,708 Net assets of governmental activities 2,426,141

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2009

		General	Other Governmenta Funds	l G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES		 -			
General property taxes	\$	303,725	\$ -	\$	303,725
Other local taxes		784,127	-		784,127
Revenue from use of money and		-			·
property		22,585	188		22,773
Revenue from other sources		151,914	-		151,914
Revenue from the Commonwealth					
of Virginia		110,429		_	110,429
Total revenues		1,372,780	188	_	1,372,968
EXPENDITURES					
General government		418,599	-		418,599
Public safety		436,382	-		436,382
Public works		116,126	-		116,126
Community development		15,515	-		15,515
Payments to other governments		38,490	-		38,490
Capital outlays		9,052			9,052
Total expenditures		1,034,164			1,034,164
Excess of revenues					
over expenditures		338,616	188		338,804
FUND BALANCES					
Beginning (restated)		1,022,613	26,016		1,048,629
Transer from Water Fund		32,000		_	32,000
Ending	<u>\$</u>	1,393,229	\$ 26,204	<u>\$</u>	1,419,433

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities a because:	ıre diffe	rent
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	338,804
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays		
exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(68,642)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	270,162

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual - General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2009

	 Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Tavorable nfavorable)
REVENUES				_			
General property taxes	\$ 255,000	\$	281,380	\$	303,725	\$	22,345
Other local taxes	615,000		649,400		784,127		134,727
Revenue from use of money and			_				
property	20,000		20,000		22,585		2,585
Revenue from other sources	169,000		203,420		151,914		(51,506)
Revenue from the Commonwealth	 85,500		108,019	_	110,429		2,410
Total revenues	 1,144,500	_	1,262,219	_	1,372,780		110,561
EXPENDITURES							
General government	415,181		461,063		418,599		42,464
Public safety	358,319		424,567		436,382		(11,815)
Public works	153,000		157,700		116,126		41,574
Community development	23,000		23,000		15,515		7,485
Payments to other governments	55,000		55,000		38,490		16,510
Capital outlays	 172,000	_	172,889		9,052	_	163,837
Total expenditures	1,176,500	_	1,294,219		1,034,164		260,055
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(32,000)		(32,000)		338,616		370,616
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning (restated)	-		-		1,022,613		1,022,613
Transfer to Water Fund	 32,000		32,000		32,000		
Ending	\$ 	\$		<u>\$</u>	1,393,229	\$	1,393,229

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund June 30, 2009

· ·	P1	oprietary Fund (Water)	Tr	Similar ust Fund emetery)	Total
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Unrestricted	\$	2,404	\$	8,056	\$ 10,460
Restricted		29,318			29,318
Accounts receivable (net of					_
allowances for uncollectibles)		-		-	-
Other receivables		42,188		-	42,188
Investments		252,774		116,309	 369,083
Total current assets		326,684		124,365	 451,049
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation)		1,703,890		-	1,703,890
Capital assets (not being depreciated		101,985		6,263	108,248
Deferred bond costs (net of					
accumulated amortization)		6,598			 6,598
Total noncurrent assets		1,812,473		6,263	 1,818,736
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,139,157	\$	130,628	\$ 2,269,785

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund June 30, 2009

LIABILITIES	Ē	rietary und ater)	Similar Trust Fur (Cemeter	nd		Total
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,713	\$	_	\$	2,713
Accrued expenses	*	7,741	Ψ	39	•	7,780
Deposits payable		29,318		_		29,318
Due to other fund		181,012		_		181,012
General obligation bonds -		,				101,014
current portion		10,087				10,087
Total current liabilities	2	230,871		39		230,910
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES General obligation bonds payable						
(net of current portion)		763,140				763,140
Total liabilities		994,011		<u>39</u>		994,050
NET ASSETS						
Investment in capital assets, net of						
related debt	1.8	305,875	6,2	63		1,812,138
Unrestricted	•	660,729)	124,3			(536,403)
Total net assets	1,1	45,146	130,5	89		1,275,735
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 2,1	39,157	\$ 130,6	<u>28</u>	\$:	2,269,785

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

	P	roprietary Fund (Water)	Similar Trust Fund (Cemetery)		Total
OPERATING REVENUES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Charges for services	\$	346,168	\$ -	\$	346,168
Other operating income		12,040	-		12,040
Late fees		6,151	-		6,151
Grant revenue		14,000	-		14,000
Sale of lots		_	5,500	_	5,500
Total operating revenues	_	378,359	5,500		383,859
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services		153,523	2,113		155,636
Utilities		17,780	-		17,780
Maintenance and repairs		24,240	163		24,403
Meters and tools		4,215	-		4,215
Professional fees		12,717	-		12,717
Administration		11,169	-		11,169
Insurance		4,000	-		4,000
Depreciation and amortization		205,417		_	205,417
Total operating expenses		433,061	2,276	_	435,337
Operating income (loss)		(54,702)	3,224	_	(51,478)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income		10,373	4,922		15,295
Interest expense		(34,665)			(34,665)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(24,292)	4,922		(19,370)
Changes in fund net assets		(78,994)	8,146		(70,848)
FUND NET ASSETS					
Beginning		1,256,140	122,443		1,378,583
Transfer to General Fund		(32,000)			(32,000)
Ending	<u>\$</u>	1,145,146	\$ 130,589	<u>\$</u>	1,275,735

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Budget and Actual - Proprietary (Water) Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original		Final		·		Favorable
		Budget	_	Budget	_	Actual	Œ	nfavorable)
REVENUES	4 1	450.000	•	450 000		246460	•	(102.000)
Charges for services	\$	450,000	\$	450,000	\$	346,168	\$	(103,832)
Other operating income		105,000		105,000		12,040		(92,960)
Late fees Grant income		6,000		6,000		6,151		151
Grant income					_	14,000	_	14,000
Total revenues		561,000		561,000		378,359		(182,641)
EXPENSES								
Personnel services		180,000		176,800		153,523		23,277
Utilities		17,000		17,950		17,780		170
Maintenance and repairs		36,900		35,950		24,240		11,710
Meters and tools		70,000		70,000		4,215		65,785
Professional fees		28,500		28,500		12,717		15,783
Administration		8,000		11,200		11,169		31
Insurance		4,000		4,000		4,000		-
Capital outlays		29,000		29,000		_		29,000
Uncollectible accounts		1,000		1,000		_		1,000
Depreciation and amortization	_	50,000		50,000	_	205,417		(155,417)
Total operating expenses		424,400		424,400		433,061		(8,661)
Operating income (loss)		136,600		136,600		(54,702)	_	(191,302)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)								
Interest income		10,000		10,000		10,373		373
Interest expense		-		(44,676)		(34,665)		10,011
USDA loan fund reserve		(114,600)		(69,924)	_			69,924
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(104,600)		(104,600)		(24,292)		80,308
Change in net assets		32,000		32,000		(78,994)		(110,994)
FUND NET ASSETS								
Beginning		-		-		1,256,140		1,256,140
Transfer to General Fund		(32,000)		(32,000)		(32,000)		-
Ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		<u>\$</u>	1,145,146	<u>\$</u> _	1,145,146

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Budget and Actual - Similar Trust (Cemetery) Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

OPERATING REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
	ф 0.000	ф 5 500	Φ 0.500
Sale of lots	\$ 3,000	\$ 5,500	\$ 2,500
Total operating revenues	3,000	5,500	<u>2,500</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	6,000	2,113	3,887
Maintenance and repairs	200	163	37
Other	1,300		1,300
Total operating expenses	7,500	2,276	5,224
Operating income (loss)	(4,500)	3,224	7,724
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Interest income	3,000	4,922	1,922
Utilization of beginning fund balance	1,500		(1,500)
Total nonoperating revenues	4,500	4,922	422
Change in net assets	<u> </u>	8,146	\$ 8,146
FUND NET ASSETS			
Beginning		122,443	
Ending		\$ 130,589	

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING		oprietary Fund (Water)	Similar Trust Fund (Cemetery)		Total
ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	363,814	\$ -	\$	363,814
Proceeds from sale of lots		-	5,500		5,500
Payments to employees		(150,295)	(2,113)		(152,408)
Payments to suppliers		(71,439)	(163)		(71,602)
Net cash provided by operating					
activities		142,080	3,224		145,304
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Transfers to other funds	•	(32,000)			(32,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES General obligation bond payments:					
Principal		(9,644)			(9,644)
Interest		(34,665)	-		(34,665)
Purchases of fixed assets		(84,536)	<u> </u>		(84,536)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(128,845)			(128,845)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of investments		(10,125)	(24,706)		(34,831)
Interest income		10,373	4,922		15,295
Net cash provided by (used in)					
investing activities		248	(19,784)		(19,536)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(18,517)	(16,560)		(3,077)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning		50,239	24,616		74,855
Ending	\$	31,722	\$ 8,056	<u>\$</u>	39,778

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

(Concluded)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		oprietary Fund (Water)	Tr	Similar ust Fund emetery)		Total
CONSIST OF: Unrestricted cash	\$	2,404	\$	8,056	\$	10,460
Restricted cash	<u> </u>	29,318	<u> </u>	-		29,318
·	\$	31,722	\$	8,056	\$	39,778
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$	(54,702)	ę.	3,224	, c r	(51,478)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ф	(34,702)	Ф	3,224	Ф	(31,478)
Depreciation and amortization		205,417		_		205,417
Deposits		2,082		-		2,082
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Accounts receivable		(14,545)		_		(14,545)
Accrued expenses		3,228		=		3,228
Accounts payable		600				600
Net cash provided by						
operating activities	\$	142,080	\$	3,224	\$	145,304

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Windsor is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor, vice mayor and a five-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the Town of Windsor, Virginia.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All significant interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and proprietary funds. The major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Preparation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, other local taxes, shared expenses and interest income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports only one major Governmental Fund – the General Fund. The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports one Proprietary Fund – the Water Fund. The Water Fund accounts for the operation of water services for the Town. The government also reports one Similar (Trust) Fund – the Cemetery Fund. The Cemetery Fund accounts for the sale of cemetery plots for the Town.

The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The Proprietary and Fiduciary (Trust) Funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Continued)

The Proprietary Fund and the Similar (Trust) Fund distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with each fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Water Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. The principal operating revenue of the Cemetery Fund is the sale of cemetery plots. Operating expenses for the Cemetery Fund include the cost of sales and maintenance expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available-for-use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities exceeding three months at the date of acquisition.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible taxes amounted to \$64,200 at June 30, 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Continued)

Real estate taxes, levied July 1, and personal property taxes, levied January 1, are billed annually and are due December 5 of each year. Tax rates for bills due December 5, 2008, were \$.10 per \$100 assessed value for real estate, \$.50 per \$100 assessed value for personal property, \$.10 per \$100 assessed value of machinery and tools, and \$.08 per \$100 assessed value for mobile homes.

A ten-percent penalty is imposed on all delinquent taxes collected after the due date. Interest is imposed at the next billing cycle at the rate of ten percent annually. Real estate taxes receivable are maintained for ten years and personal property taxes receivable for five years before they are written off.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes are based upon the rate levied by Town Council multiplied by the taxable assessed value. The assessed value of real estate and personal property is determined for the Town by the Commissioner of Revenue of the County of Isle of Wight.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements	25-40 years
Infrastructure	25 years
Water system and towers	25 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Computer software	3 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Concluded)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, bond repayment obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the period incurred. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an "other financing source."

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reconciles the net change in fund balance – total governmental funds and change in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$1,006,708 difference are as follows:

Capital outlays	\$	9,052
Depreciation expense		<u>(77,690</u>)
Not adjusting at to in suggest of the second		
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund		
balances – total governmental funds to arrive at		
changes in net assets of Governmental Funds	<u>\$</u>	<u>(68,642)</u>

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Water and Cemetery Funds. Annual operating budgets are adopted by ordinances and resolutions passed by the Town Council for those funds. Special revenue funds do not have an annual operating budget adopted by Town Council. The Town does not integrate the use of encumbrance accounting in any of its funds. The Town Council authorizes the original budgets and revisions, if any, at the department level.

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget for General Fund

As per NCGAI 6, paragraph 4, the following is being disclosed:

<u>Department</u>	Budget	Actual	Overexpended Amount
Public Safety: Police Department	\$ 394,248	\$ 406,603	\$ 11 , 815

The overage resulted because the Town does not accrue vacation and sick leave for purposes of budgeting.

NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying value of the Town's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$1,609,558 and the bank balance was \$1,654,857. The bank balance was covered by Federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act.

Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks. There were no uninsured or uncollateralized amounts at June 30, 2009.

Cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$29,318 in the Water Fund are restricted customer deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Concluded)

For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the Proprietary Fund, both restricted and unrestricted cash, are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents – statement of cash flows:	
Unrestricted	\$ 2,404
Restricted	 29,318
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,722

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at year-end are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	<u></u>	<u>eceivable</u>	<u>Payable</u>			
General Fund	\$	181,012	\$	-		
Proprietary Fund				<u> 181,012</u>		
	<u>\$</u>	<u> 181,012</u>	\$	181,012		

NOTE 6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units at year-end are as follows:

Isle of Wight County		
State sales tax	\$ 6	,147
Traffic fines	5	<u>,806</u>
Total	\$ 11	,953

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity at year-end was as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets not	Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2009
being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 340,355</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 340,355</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and				
improvements	680,301		-	680,301
Infrastructure	131,103	-	-	131,103
Vehicles and equipment	447,284	9,052	-	456,336
Software	<u>35,180</u>			35,180
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,293,868	9,052		1,302,920
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and				
improvements	255,841	16,647	-	272,488
Infrastructure	39,274	6,623	=	45,897
Vehicles and equipment	231,510	51,491	-	283,001
Software	32,249	<u>2,932</u>		35,181
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being	558,874	77,693		636,567
depreciated, net	734,994	(68,641)		666,353
Capital assets, net	<u>\$1,075,349</u>	<u>\$ (68,641)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$1,006,708</u>

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2009

NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Concluded)

Business-type activities:	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	2008	Additions	Deletions	2009
Capital assets not being depreciated:		1144,110110	<u>D Diowells</u>	
Land	\$ 31,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,474
Construction in process		<u>76,774</u>		<u>76,774</u>
Total capital assets not				100 5 10
being depreciated	31,474	<u>76,774</u>		<u>108,248</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Structures and				
improvements	1,495,864	-	-	1,495,864
Water mains	1,590,012	-	-	1,590,012
Meters and equipment	<u>471,619</u>	7,7 <u>61</u>		<u>479,380</u>
Total capital assets being	0.555.105			2565256
depreciated	<u>3,557,495</u>	<u>7,761</u>		<u>3,565,256</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and				
improvements	509,657	59,502	-	569,159
Water mains	936,038	101,316	-	1,037,354
Meters and equipment	<u>210,522</u>	44,331		<u>254,853</u>
Total accumulated	1 656 045	207.1.10		1.061.066
depreciation	<u>1,656,217</u>	<u>205,149</u>		<u>1,861,366</u>
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,901,278	_(197,388)		1,703,890
		/		
Capital assets, net	<u>\$1,932,752</u>	<u>\$ (197,388</u>)	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$1,735,364</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Business-type Activities

The Town authorized and issued a general obligation bond to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The original amount of this general obligation bond was \$820,000. The general obligation bond is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the Town. Payments of principal and interest of 41/2% per year are due monthly in the amount of \$3,723 through January 2043. The balance at June 30, 2009, is \$773,227.

The annual future debt service requirement of the general obligation bond for fiscal years ended June 30 is as follows:

	P	Principal		Interest
2010	\$	10,088	\$	34,589
2011		10,551		34,125
2012		11,035		33,641
2013		11,542		33,134
2014		12,072		32,604
2015 - 2019		69,209		154,172
2020 - 2024		86,636		136,745
2025 - 2029		108,451		114,930
2030 - 2034		135,759		87,621
2035 - 2039		169,941		53,439
2040 - 2043		147,943		12,588
	<u>\$</u>	<u>773,227</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>727,588</u>

NOTE 9. SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

The Town maintained the following surety bond coverage as of June 30, 2009:

Selective Insurance Company – Surety bond	1	
Interim Town Manager – blanket bond	\$	50,000
Town Clerk – blanket bond	\$	50,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 10. RETIREMENT PLAN

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined

Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Plan Description

All full time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters and sheriffs) or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years of service for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters and sheriffs) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7% of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the website http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2008annurept.pdf or obtained by writing the System at P.O. Box 2500 Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. The Town may assume this 5% member contribution, which they have done. In addition, the Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using actuarial basis specified by the *Code of Virginia* and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, was 7.27% of annual covered payroll.

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Concluded)

Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Town's annual pension cost of \$43,134 was equal to the Town's required and annual contributions. The required contributions were determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60 per year, and (c) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. The method used techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Town of Windsor, Virginia

						$\mathbf{U}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{L}$
			Unfunded			as a
Actuarial		Actuarial	Actuarial			Percentage
Valu-	Actuarial	Accrued	Accrued			of
ation	Value of	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
						
6/30/2008	\$206,348	\$287,638	\$81,291	71.74%	\$461,576	17.61%
6/30/2007	\$143,771	\$211,421	\$67,650	68.00%	\$410,282	16.49%
6/30/2006	\$92.054	\$146,224	\$54,170	62,95%	\$324,554	16.69%
0/30/2000	\$92,034	\$140,224	\$34,170	02.9370	Ф 324,334	10.0970
6/30/2005	\$55,746	\$130,258	\$74,782	42.80%	\$222,070	33.55%
	,				·	

NOTE 11. TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at year-end are as follows:

Fund		To	<u>From</u>
General Fund	\$	32,000	\$ -
Proprietary Fund			32,000
	<u>\$</u>	32,000	\$ 32,000

Transfers are used (1) to move revenues from the fund where either statute or budget requires them to be collected to the fund where they are required to be held and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for another fund in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 12. GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various state and Federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The Town leases a building to the U.S. Postal Service under a non-cancelable lease expiring May 26, 2011. The building is adjacent to the Town Hall and the lease calls for monthly rent of \$1,500.

The Town also leased a dwelling during the year to one of the Town's employees for \$500 per month. The dwelling is adjacent to the Town Hall and there was no formal lease binding the parties. Subsequent to year end, the Council directed that this dwelling be taken out of service and demolished.

The following is a summary of future minimum rental income under non-cancelable operating leases:

Year Ending June 30,	<i>P</i>	Amount			
2010	\$	18,000			
2011		16,500			
	\$	34,500			

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Town of Windsor has been awarded financial assistance from the Rural Development Agency of the United States Department Agriculture to provide improvements to the Town's existing water system, a project estimated to cost \$1,395,000. The funding sources for the project are: a Rural Development Loan of \$1,331,000, a Rural Development Planning Grant of \$14,000, and a contribution on the part of the Town of \$50,000. The application was approved with an interest rate of 3.625% with monthly debt service payments of \$5,324 for 40 years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

NOTE 15 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The prior year's fund balance in the General Fund has been restated for an automobile that was purchased in the prior year and expensed in the current year.

Fund balance, as previously reported	\$	1,058,502
Relcassification		(35,889)
Fund balance, restated	<u>\$</u>	1,022,613

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	avorable (favorable)
REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES							
General property taxes:							
Real property taxes (including							
public service corporations)	\$	180,000	\$	195,000	\$	205,025	\$ 10,025
Personal property taxes (including							
public service corporations)		75,000		75,000		88,641	13,641
Mobile homes		-		5,800		4,503	(1,297)
Penalties and interest			_	5,580		5,556	 (24)
Total general property taxes		255,000	_	281,380		303,725	 22,345
Other local taxes:							
Local sales and use taxes		90,000		90,000		81,138	(8,862)
Meal taxes		165,000		184,400		208,539	24,139
Consumers' utility taxes		45,000		45,000		109,524	64,524
Business license taxes		90,000		90,000		105,324	15,924
Bank franchise taxes		70,000		85,000		105,924	20,076
Communications taxes		74,000		74,000		81,907	7,907
Cigarette taxes		45,000		45,000		48,300	3,300
Motor vehicle licenses		36,000		36,000		48,300	3,300 7,719
Midioi Actificie liceuses		30,000	_			43,717	 1,719
Total other local taxes		615,000	_	649,400	_	784,127	 134,727
Revenue from use of money		20,000		20,000		22,585	 _2,585
Revenue from other sources:							
Traffic fines		120,000		120,000		119,051	(949)
Rental income		24,000		24,000		23,250	(750)
Miscellaneous income		25,000		59,420		9,613	(49,807)
						_ _ _	
Total revenue from other sources		169,000	_	203,420	_	151,914	 (51,506)
Total revenue from local sources		1,059,000	_	1,154,200		1,262,351	 108,151
REVENUE FROM THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA Categorical aid:							
Litter control		9,500		1,500		1,471	(29)
Police 599 funding		68,000		68,000		65,553	(2,447)
DCJS Grant - Technology		-		28,319		28,319	_
Fire program funds						8,000	
Total categorical aid		77,500		105,819		103,343	(2,476)
Noncategorical aid:							
Mobile home titling taxes		8,000		2,200		7,086	 4,886
Total revenue from the							
Commonwealth of Virginia		85,500	_	108,019		110,429	 2,410
Total revenues	<u>\$</u>	1,144,500	\$	1,262,219	\$	1,372,780	\$ 110,561

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2009

				•				
		Original Budge <u>t</u>		Final Budget		Actual		vorable avorable)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT			•					-
ADMINISTRATION								
Legislative - Town Council	\$	13,000	\$	13,000	\$	10,000	\$	3,000
GENERAL AND FINANCIAL								
ADMINISTRATION								
Engineering and consulting		25,000		21,382		15,430		5,952
Professional fees		50,681		90,681		79,508		11,173
Personnel		225,500		225,500		209,878		15,622
Insurance and bonding		21,000		21,747		21,665		82
Seminars and training		15,000		15,000		11,865		3,135
Office operations and utilities		50,000		58,753		57,304		1,449
Miscellaneous	_	15,000	_	15,000	_	12,949		2,051
Total general governmental administration		415,181		461,063		418,599		42,464
administration	_	415,101	-	401,005	_	110,000		12, 10 1
PUBLIC SAFETY								
Law enforcement and traffic control:		328,000		394,248		406.062		(11.015)
Police department Fire and rescue services - volunteer		328,000		394,240		406,063		(11,815)
fire and rescue department		30,319		30,319		30,319		-
•								(11.015)
Total public safety	_	35 <u>8,319</u>		424,567		436,382		(11,815)
PUBLIC WORKS Maintenance of sidewalks								
and street lights:								
Sidewalks		10,000		10,000		-		10,000
Street lights		35,000		35,000		26,322		8,678
Total maintenance of sidewalks						1		
and street lights		<u>45,000</u>		45,000		26,322		18,678
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse collection		68,000		71,500		68,503		2,997
Fall and Spring clean up		5,000				2,177		2,823
Total sanitation and waste removal		73,000		76,500		70,680	-	5,820
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
Rental properties		5,000		5,000		2,873		2,127
General administration		20,000		7,100		3,417		3,683
General properties		10,000		24,100		12,834	_	11,266
Total maintaness of consent								_
Total maintenance of general buildings and grounds		35,000		36,200		19,124		17,076
• •	—		—		—	17,124		
Total public works		153,000		157,700		116,126		41,574

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2009

(Concluded)

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Planning and community development:				
Planning commission Community development	\$ 3,000 20,000	•	\$ 947 14,568	\$ 2,053 5,432
Total community development	23,000	23,000	15,515	7,485
Capital outlays	172,000	172,889	9,052	163,837
Payments to other governments	55,000	55,000	38,490	16,510
	1,176,500	1,294,219	1,034,164	260,055
Fund transfer	32,000	32,000	32,000	
Total expenditures	\$ 1,208,500	\$ 1,326,219	\$ 1,066,164	\$ 260,055

Computation of Legal Debt Margin Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total assessed value of taxed real property	<u>\$ 198,862,100</u>
Legal debt limit: 10 percent of total assessed value of taxable property	19,886,210
Less: General obligation bonds outstanding	773,227
Legal debt margin	\$ 19,112,983

NOTE:

Virginia state statute limits bond issuing authority of Virginia cities and towns to 10% of the assessed real estate value. The above calculation includes all debt secured by the full faith and credit of the Town.

There are no overlapping or underlying tax jurisdictions.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Government-wide Revenues by Source
Last Three Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		_	General Property Taxes	_	Other Local Taxes	Investment Earnings			Totals		
2007	\$ 387,035	\$	9,191	\$	203,286	\$	618,431	\$	45,352	\$	1,263,295		
2008	479,497		77,622		259,415		655,031		46,257		1,517,822		
2009	556,365		117,343		312,852		747,494		22,772		1,756,826		

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA General Government Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	General roperty Taxes	 Other Local Taxes	\mathbf{M}	Use of oney and croperty	Mis	cellaneous	 Recovered Costs	Gov	Inter- vernmental	Totals
2000	\$	92,144	\$ 243,176	\$	19,124	\$	26,764	\$ 398	\$	10,555	\$ 392,161
2001		92,454	284,424		20,425		175,623	-		8,990	581,916
2002		69,383	468,707		20,229		73,585	-		24,164	656,068
2003		115,219	456,728		13,955		80,300	-		15,995	682,197
2004		139,248	476,723		15,677		83,429	-		73,681	788,758
2005		164,505	545,527		17,074		130,958	-		18,220	876,284
2006		179,879	535,071		17,173		161,968	-		14,151	908,242
2007		203,287	639,594		27,124		113,230	-		24,811	1,008,046
2008		259,416	681,312		25,869		192,906	-		88,287	1,247,790
2009		303,725	784,127		22,773		151,914	-		110,429	1,372,968

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Government-wide Expenditures by Function Last Three Fiscal Years

-	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General ninistration	 Public Safety	 Public Works	Community Development	Water Services	Cemetery	 Totals
	2007	\$ 491,736	\$ 265,780	\$ 112,012	\$ 18,354	\$ 430,485	\$ 6,768	\$ 1,325,135
	2008	557,887	385,767	126,423	20,622	476,176	2,111	1,568,986
	2009	534,782	436,382	116,126	15,515	467,726	2,276	1,572,807

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA General Government Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Adminis- tration	Public Safety	Public Works	Community Development	Capital Projects	Non- departmental	Appropriated Prior Year Fund Balance	Total
2000	\$ 152,018	\$ 41,109	\$ 43,959	\$ 10,550	\$ 16,293	\$ 26,030	\$ 51,875	\$ 341,834
2001	165,844	60,295	48,786	9,759	65,461	33,219	-	383,364
2002	207,570	90,079	74,629	32,099	148,892	73	-	553,342
2003	244,196	94,018	81,314	31,890	91,228	-	-	542,646
2004	298,478	118,418	84,112	15,218	192,629	1,465	-	710,320
2005	349,278	259,209	88,049	16,574	377,949	40,649	-	1,131,708
2006	362,479	221,604	85,342	22,195	84,553	47,378	-	823,551
2007	389,408	265,780	110,453	18,354	76,920	23,893	-	884,808
2008	425,239	385,767	126,423	20,622	96,459	49,090	-	1,103,600
2009	418,599	436,382	116,126	15,515	9,052	38,490	-	1,034,164

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Assessed Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>R</u>	Real Estate	Personal Property	P	ublic Utility Real Estate	 Public Utility Personal Property	 Total
2000	\$	30,934,906	\$ 7,386,821	\$	4,147,578	\$ 273,634	\$ 42,742,939
2001		30,686,400	7,941,880		4,344,597	263,253	43,236,130
2002		73,638,300	16,589,351		5,011,094	335,839	95,574,584
2003		85,983,500	18,509,126		4,175,273	545,977	109,213,876
2004		86,346,100	17,967,586		4,517,932	510,804	109,342,422
2005		110,627,800	19,739,925		3,675,956	493,752	134,537,433
2006		115,734,200	21,100,862		3,755,112	448,661	141,038,835
2007		170,233,000	25,628,613		3,605,725	390,186	199,857,524
2008		177,637,100	25,129,326		4,917,427	585,997	208,269,850
2009		198,682,100	26,802,743		5,327,000	580,940	231,392,783

NOTE: Assessed values provided by Isle of Wight County, Commissioner of Revenue.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Real Estate		 Personal Property	fachinery and Tools	_	Mobile Homes
2000	\$	0.19	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.10	\$	0.19
2001		0.19	0.50	0.10		0.19
2002		0.19	0.50	0.10		0.19
2003		0.08	0.50	0.10		0.08
2004		0.08	0.50	0.10		0.08
2005		0.10	0.50	0.10		0.08
2006		0.10	0.50	0.10		0.08
2007		0.08	0.50	0.10		0.08
2008		0.10	0.50	0.10		0.08
2009		0.10	0.50	0.10		0.08

NOTE: Per \$100 of assessed value.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent to Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Levy
2000	\$ 98,554	\$ 91,028	92.36%	\$ 429	\$ 91,457	92.80%	\$ 13,705	13.91%
2001	92,748	87,869	94.74%	3,215	91,084	98.21%	11,318	12.20%
2002	80,841	68,568	84.82%	815	69,383	85.83%	14,546	17.99%
2003	107,013	103,329	96.56%	11,890	115,219	107.67%	14,153	13.23%
2004	107,797	104,430	96.88%	3,367	102,246	94.85%	14,166	13.14%
2005	165,000	162,316	98.37%	2,189	164,505	99.70%	14,166	8.59%
2006	192,806	173,385	89.93%	6,494	179,879	93.30%	16,097	8.35%
2007	213,600	199,999	93.63%	1,194	201,193	94.19%	24,060	11.26%
2008	262,468	246,069	93.75%	516	246,585	93.95%	20,470	7.80%
2009	338,615	291,911	86.21%	921	292,832	86.48%	48,448	14.31%

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2009

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

2009-1 Financial Statements

Condition: Management seeks the assistance of the auditor in drafting the financial statements, recording debt and major capital, and conversion of financial statements to GASB 34.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that the system will prevent, detect, and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and disclosures.

Effect: Management relied on the auditor to draft the financial statements and make significant adjusting journal entries to the financial statements.

Recommendation: Town Council should evaluate the finding disclosed to assess the cost benefit of hiring accounting staff with the high level of expertise necessary to prepare the financial statements and disclosures that would be required by an ideal system of internal control.

Summary of Compliance Matters June 30, 2009

As more fully described in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Debt Provisions Retirement Systems Procurement

State Agency Requirements:

Personal Property Tax Relief Act Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act Enhanced 911 Service Taxes

LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Budget Laws
Town Purchasing and Procurement Policies and Procedures
Town Personnel Policies and Procedures
Town Investment Policy



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Windsor, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town of Windsor, Virginia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Town of Windsor's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we consider the significant deficiencies described above to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Windsor, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Town Council, management and others within the Organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Dianel y. Dmith, CPA, PC

November 30, 2009