# Town of Windsor, Virginia

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2010

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## Mayor

Carita J. Richardson

Vice Mayor

Wesley F. Garris

### **Council Members**

J. Clinton Bryant

N. Macon Edwards, III

Patty Flemming

Durwood V. Scott

Greg Willis

Town Manager

Michael Stallings

Town Clerk/Treasurer

Robin L. Hewett

The following is management's discussion and analysis of this report. The discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements following this section.

### Financial Highlights

The following are a few financial highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010:

- General Fund expenditures were \$257,580 less than appropriated by Town Council for the 2009-2010 operating budget.
- All of the departments within the General Fund had total operating expenditures that were less than the amount appropriated by Council for that the department.
- General Fund revenues were \$26,555 greater than originally anticipated by Town Council for the 2009-2010 operating budget. (this includes the fund balance appropriations and asset forfeiture that are not shown in the statements)
- General Fund revenues were less than anticipated and expenditures were less than budgeted; thus, the net outcome was that revenues exceeded expenditures by \$240,691.
- The Fund Balance of the General Fund grew from a beginning balance of \$1,393,417 to an ending balance of \$1,634,108.

### Using This Report

### Overview of the Financial Statements

We intend that the reader use this discussion and analysis as an introduction to the Town of Windsor's basic financial statements. The following three components comprise the Town's basic financial statements:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- · Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

### Government-wide Financial Statements

We have designed the government-wide financial statements so as to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances and in a manner that is similar to a private sector business. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, and we report the difference of the two as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether or not the Town's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Town's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. We report all changes in net assets as soon as the underlying event that gives rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, we report revenues and expenses in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The Town's governmental activities include general government administration, public safety, public works, and community development. The Town's business-type activities include the Water and Cemetery Fund.

The reader can find the government-wide financial statements on pages 3 and 4 of this report.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that the governmental unit segregates for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Windsor, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town are divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

### Governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. The reader may find such information useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town of Windsor adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. We provide a budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The reader can find the basic governmental fund financial statements on pages 5 through 9 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Town maintains the enterprise funds to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Cemetery Funds. These funds have been included in the government-wide financial statements.

The reader can find the basic proprietary fund financial statements on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The reader can find the notes to the financial statements on pages 17 through 27 of this report.

### Government-wide Financial Analysis

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's Net Assets on the government-wide basis are as follows:

	Governmenta	nmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total				
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Current and other					_	
assets	\$ 1,777,120	\$ 1,464,229	\$ 498,039	\$ 276,635	\$ 2,275,159	\$1,740,864
Capital Assets	994,414	1,006,708	2,346,337	1,812,138	3,340,751	2,818,846
Total Assets	\$ 2,771,534	\$ 2,470,937	\$ 2,844,376	\$ 2,088,773	\$ 5,615,910	\$4,559,710
						ı
Long-Term						
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,629,540	\$ 773,227	\$ 1,629,540	\$ 773,227
Other Liabilities	95,859	44,796	58,651	39,811	154,510	84,607
Total Liabilities	\$ 95,859	\$ 44,796	\$ 1,688,191	\$ 813,038	\$ 1,784,050	\$ 857,834

Invested in Capital						
Assets, net of		}				
Related Debt	\$ 994,414	\$ 1,006,708	\$2,346,337	\$1,812,138	\$ 3,340,751	\$2,818,846
Unrestricted	1,681,261	1,419,433	(1,190,152)	(536,403)	491,109	883,030
Total Net Assets	\$2,675,675	\$ 2,426,141	\$1,156,185	\$1,275,735	\$ 3,831,860	\$3,701,876

By far, the largest portion of the Town of Windsor's net assets, 87%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, vehicles and equipment and software.

### **Governmental Activities**

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's revenues on the government-wide basis are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
REVENUES	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Program Services:								
Charges for services	\$ 362,126	\$ 186,506	\$ 379,458	\$ 369,859	\$ 741,584	\$ 556,365		
Operating grants	89,068	103,343	_	14,000	89,068	117,343		
General Revenues:								
Property taxes	308,117	312,852	-	_	308,117	312,852		
Other taxes	716,194	747,494	-	-	716,194	747,494		
Interest	35,389	22,772	7,691	15,295	43,080	38,067		
Total Revenues	\$ 1,510,894	\$1,372,967	\$ 387,149	\$ 399,154	\$1,898,043	\$1,772,121		

Key elements of the Town of Windsor's expenses on the government-wide basis are as follows:

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total							
EXPENSES	2010_	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
General							
government	\$ 364,374	\$ 534,782	\$ -	-	\$ 367,516	\$ 534,782	
Public safety	435,309	436,382	<u> </u>		432,436	436,382	
Public works	223,313	116,126	-		217,645	116,126	
Community		T					
development	72,0 <u>97</u>	15,515	<u> </u>		72,097	15,515	
Capital outlay	92,137		-	_	97,536	-	
Non-	74 120				74,130	-	
departmental	74,130		<u> </u>				
Water services	-		499,608	467,726	499,608	467,726	
Cemetery	-	-	7,091	2,276	7,091	2,276	
Total Expenses	\$ 1,261,360	\$ 1,102,805	\$ 506,699	\$ 470,002	\$1,768,059	\$1,572,807	

### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflow, outflows, and balances of spendable resource. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund revenues were less than anticipated, and expenditures were less than budgeted. The net outcome was that revenues exceeded expenditures by \$240,691. As stated earlier, the Fund Balance of the General Fund grew during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2010; its ending balance was \$1,634,108. In summary, the General Fund remained strong during the fiscal year ending on June 30, 2010.

The Water Fund's revenues did not meet the 2009-2010 expectations by \$84,775. This is due to the fact that the Town does not fully fund the depreciation expense in its Water Fund budget. However, it is important to note that Water Fund revenues were sufficient to cover operating expenses and to partially fund depreciation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

### **Economic Factors**

Despite the recession that existed throughout the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010, the Town's revenues remained strong, with the exception of revenues from the local sales tax. The reduction in sales tax revenue is a result of a nation-wide overall reduction in retail spending for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. The Town receives the bulk of its revenues from sales tax, meals tax, cigarette tax, and traffic fines. Although the combination of these sources of revenue provides the Town more revenue than real estate and personal property taxes, they are economy driven. If there is a further downturn in the economy, then they can shrink. In this regard, the Town needs to diversify its tax base with additional commercial and industrial developments.

FINANCIAL SECTION



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Windsor, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Virginia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Windsor's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Windsor, Virginia, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

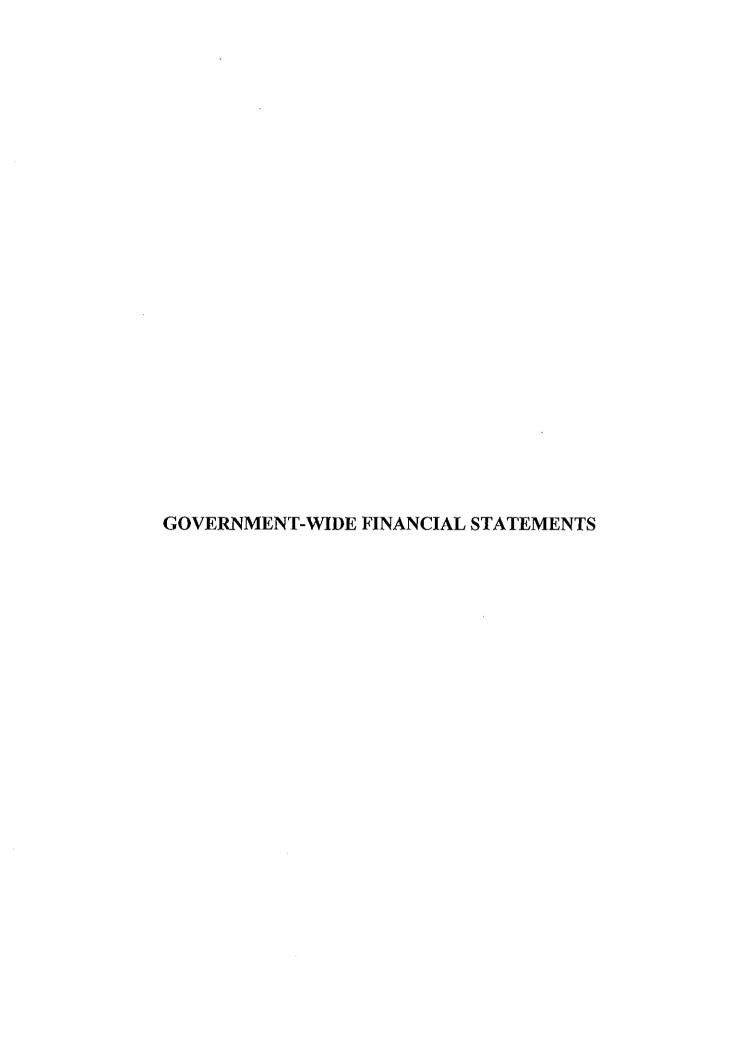
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report, November 30, 2010, on our consideration of the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information on pages 9 and 13, and individual statements and statistical information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Windsor, Virginia's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, individual fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dian 4. Smith, CPA, PC

November 30, 2010



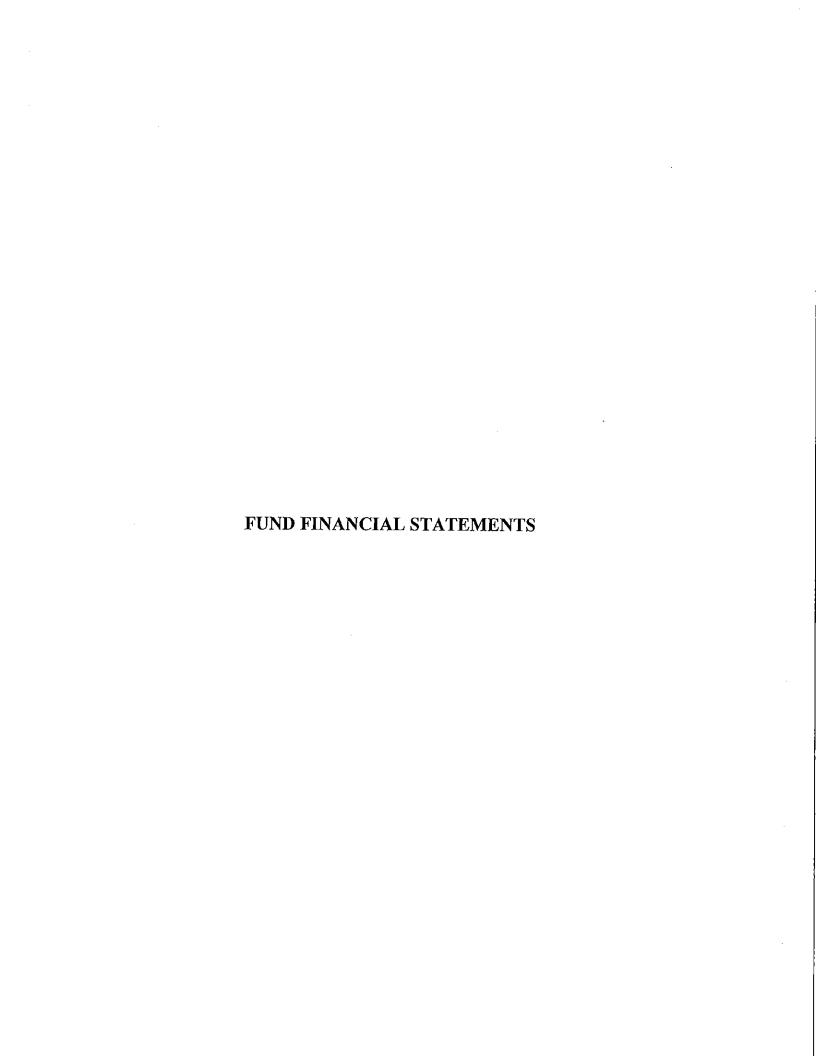
TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Net Assets
June 30, 2010

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Unrestricted	\$	800,143	\$	125,939	\$	926,082
Restricted		241,109		158,789		399,898
Receivables						
Taxes (net of allowance for						
uncollectibles)		73,972		51,660		125,632
Other receivables				92,281		92,281
Prepaid expenses		3,804		_		3,804
Due from other governmental units		12,323		-		12,323
Internal balances		181,012		(181,012)		-
Investments		464,757		228,868		693,625
Capital assets (net of accumulated		·		ŕ		
depreciation)		654,059		1,499,281		2,153,340
Capital assets (not being depreciated)		340,355		847,056		1,187,411
Deferred bond cost (net of		,		,		2,20.,
accumulated amortization)		_		21,514		21,514
accumulated amortization,						21,011
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	2,771,534	\$	2,844,376	\$	5,615,910
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	56,700	\$	3,181	\$	59,881
Accrued expenses		39,159		11,653		50,812
Deposits payable		-		30,432		30,432
Bonds payable						
Due within one year		_		13,385		13,385
Due in more than one year		<del>-</del>		1,629,540	_	1,629,540
Total liabilities		95,859		1,688,191		1,784,050
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt		994,414		2,346,337		3,340,751
Unrestricted		1,681,261		(1,190,152)		491,109
omostricted		1,001,201		<u>(1,170,134)</u>		471,107
Total net assets		2,675,675		1,156,185		3,831,860
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	2,771,534	<u>\$</u>	2,844,376	<u>\$</u>	5,615,910

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Program Revenues				Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets						
		_	<del></del>		Operating		Primary G	overs	ment		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activity		Business-type Activity			Total
Primary government:									•		
General government											
General government administration	\$ 362,704	\$	273,709	\$	1,192	\$	(87,803)	\$	-	\$	(87,803)
Public safety	435,309	)	88,417		87,876		(259,016)		-		(259,016)
Public works	223,313	}	-		-		(223,313)		-		(223,313)
Community development	72,097	7	-		-		(72,097)		-		(72,097)
Capital outlay	92,133		-		-		(92,137)				(92,137)
Space needs	1,670		=		=		(1,670)		-		(1,670)
Nondepartmental	74,130				<del></del>	_	(74,130)				(74,130)
Total governmental activities	1,261,360	<u> </u>	362,126	_	89,068	_	(810,166)				(810,166)
Business-type activities:											
Water services	499,608		379,458		-		-		(120,150)		(120,150)
Cemetery plot sales	7,09	<u>.</u>	<del></del>	_	_ <del></del>		_ <del></del>		(7,091)		(7,091)
Total business-type activities	506,699	<u> </u>	379,458						(127,241)		(127,241)
Total primary government	\$ 1,768,059	<u> </u>	741,584	\$	89,068		(810,166)		(127,241)		(937,407)
	General Revenue	es:									
	Real estate and	i per	rsonal property tax	xes			308,117		_		308,117
	Local sales an	d use	e taxes				72,595		_		72,595
	Consumers' ut	ility	taxes				93,228		_		93,228
	Merchants &	other	r licenses				108,137		_		108,137
	Bank franchis	e tax	es				125,596		-		125,596
	Communication	n ta	xes				69,890		_		69,890
	Meals taxes						183,155		-		183,155
	Other local re	/enu	e				63,593		-		63,593
	Investment ea	ming	gs				<u>35,389</u>		<u>7,691</u>		43,080
	Total gen	eral	revenues				1,059,700		7,691	_	1,067,391
-	Change i	n net	t assets				249,534		(119,550)		129,984
	NET ASSETS										•
	Beginning						2,426,141		1,275,735		3,701,876
	Ending					\$	2,675,675	\$	1,156,185	<u>\$</u>	3,831,860

See accompanying notes.



TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA

Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

		Other Governments General Funds			Ge	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Unrestricted	\$	800,143	\$	-	\$	800,143
Restricted		193,956		47,153		241,109
Receivables						
Taxes (net of allowances for uncollectibles)		73,972		_		73,972
Due from other governmental units		12,323		-		12,323
Due from other funds		181,012		-		181,012
Investments		464,757		-		464,757
Prepaid expenses		3,804				3,804
Total assets	\$	1,729,967	<u>\$</u>	47,153	<u>\$</u>	1,777,120
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	56,700	\$	-	\$	56,700
Accrued expenses		39,159			_	39,159
Total liabilities		95,859		-		95,859
FUND BALANCES						
Unrestricted		1,634,108		47,153		1,681,261
Total liabilities and fund balances	. \$	1,729,967	<u>\$</u>	47,153	\$	1,777,120

# 

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Total governmental fund balances	\$	1,681,261
Amounts reported for government activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in the governmental activity are not		
financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the fund.		994,414
Net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,675,675

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	General		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
General property taxes	\$	308,117	\$	-	\$	308,117
Other local taxes		589,314		-		589,314
Revenues from the Commonwealth		92,725		-		92,725
Revenue from the Federal Government		-		20,808		20,808
Revenue from other sources		263,632		-		263,632
Reimbursements from other funds		200,072		-		200,072
Miscellaneous revenue		35,894		329		36,223
Total revenues		1,489,754		21,137		1,510,891
EXPENDITURES						
General government administration		362,703		-		362,703
Public safety		456,700		_		456,700
Public works		223,313		-		223,313
Community development		72,097		-		72,097
Capital outlays		58,451		-		58,451
Space needs		1,670		-		1,670
Non-departmental		74,129		<del></del>		74,129
Total expenditures		1,249,063		<u>-</u>		1,249,063
Excess of revenues over expenditures		240,691		21,137		261,828
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning		1,393,417		26,016		1,419,433
Ending	\$	1,634,108	\$	47,153	\$	1,681,261

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2010

	,	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	261,828
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation		
exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(12,294)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	249,534

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original Budget		 Final Budget	_	Actual		Favorable Infavorable)
REVENUES							
General property taxes	\$ 301,3		\$ 301,335	\$	308,117	\$	6,782
Other local taxes	545,7	750	545,750		589,314		43,564
Revenues from the Commonwealth	75,8	}45	100,842		92,725		(8,117)
Revenue from the Federal Government	65,0	)00	65,000		-		(65,000)
Licenses	127,0		127,000		157,215		30,215
Post office rental	18,0	)00	18,000		18,000		-
Fines	75,0	)00	75,000		88,417		13,417
Reimbursements from other funds	200,0	)72	200,072		200,072		-
Miscellaneous revenue	30,0	<u> 000</u>	 73,644		35,894		(37,750)
Total revenues	1,438,0	02	 1,506,643		1,489,754		(16,889)
EXPENDITURES							
General government administration	417,3	149	417,349		362,703		54,646
Public safety	423,8	376	466,485		456,700		9,785
Public works	283,5	42	283,542		223,313		60,229
Community development	93,9	35	93,935		72,097		21,838
Capital outlays	101,0	00	126,665		58,451		68,214
Space needs	35,0	Ю0	35,000		1,670		33,330
Non-departmental	83,3	<u>00</u>	 83,667		· 74,129	_	9,538
Total expenditures	1,438,0	<u>02</u> .	 1,506,643		1,249,063		257,580
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures			 		240,691		240,691
FUND BALANCES							
Beginning		<u> </u>	 		1,393,417		1,393,417
Ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u>.</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,634,108	\$	1,634,108

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund June 30, 2010

		roprietary Fund (Water)	Similar rust Fund Cemetery)	Total	
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Unrestricted	\$	124,984	\$ 955	\$	125,939
Restricted		158,789	<del></del>		158,789
Accounts receivable (net of					
allowances for uncollectibles)		51,660	-		51,660
Other receivables		92,281	-		92,281
Investments		109,178	 119,690		228,868
Total current assets		536,892	 120,645		657,537
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Capital assets (net of accumulated					
depreciation)		1,499,281	-		1,499,281
Capital assets (not being depreciated		840,793	6,263		847,056
Deferred bond costs (net of					
accumulated amortization)		21,514	 <del></del> -		21,514
Total noncurrent assets		2,361,588	 6,263	_	2,367,851
Total assets	\$ _	2,898,480	\$ 126,908	\$	3,025,388

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund June 30, 2010

	·P	roprietary Fund (Water)	Similar Trust Fund (Cemetery)		Total
LIABILITIES		<del></del>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	3,181	\$	- \$	3,181
Accrued expenses		11,653		-	11,653
Deposits payable		30,432		-	30,432
Due to other fund		181,012		-	181,012
General obligation bonds -					
current portion		13,385		<u>-</u> _	13,385
Total current liabilities		239,663		-	239,663
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
General obligation bonds payable					
(net of current portion)		1,629,540			1,629,540
Total liabilities		1,869,203		<u>-</u> _	1,869,203
NET ASSETS					
Investment in capital assets, net of					
related debt		2,340,074	6,263	3	2,346,337
Unrestricted		(1,310,797)	120,64		(1,190,152)
Total net assets	_	1,029,277	126,90	<u> </u>	1,156,185
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	2,898,480	\$ 126,908	3 \$	3,025,388

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Propriets Fund (Water	Trust Fund		Total
OPERATING REVENUES				
Water sales		,253 \$	- \$	347,253
Tap, connection and other fees	32	,205		32,205
Total operating revenues	379	458	<u>-</u>	379,458
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Bank fees		640	-	640
Clothing - uniforms	1,	634	-	1,634
Depreciation and amortization	204,	936	-	204,936
Dues and subscriptions		288	-	288
Equipment	1,	038	-	1,038
Equipment repairs and maintenance	2,	303 14	4	2,317
Equipment rental		441	-	441
Meters		998	_	998
Professional fees	11,	338 200	0	11,538
System repairs and maintenance	23,	805	_	23,805
State fees		720	_	1,720
Telephone-communications	•	328	_	1,328
Travel and training	-	907	_	907
Utilities		925 110	5	13,041
Vehicle fuel		466	-	2,466
Vehicle maintenance and repair		283	_	283
Payments to General Fund:				203
Salaries	140,	993 6,461	ı	147,454
Protection of water system	13,	•	_	13,162
Indirect costs	43,			43,328
Total operating expenses	464,2	7,091	<u> </u>	471,324
Operating income (loss)	(84,7	(7,091	D	(91,866)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)				
Interest income	4,2	81 3,410	)	7,691
Interest expense	(35,3	75)		(35,375)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	(31,0	94)3,410		(27,684)
Change in net assets	(115,8	(3,681	)	(119,550)
FUND NET ASSETS				
Beginning	1,145,1	130,589		1,275,735
Ending	<u>\$ 1,029,2</u>	77 \$ 126,908	<u>\$</u>	1,156,185

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Budget and Actual - Proprietary (Water) Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Favorable nfavorable)
REVENUES							
Water sales	\$	374,747	\$	374,747	\$	347,253	\$ (27,494)
Tap, connection and other fees	_	23,400	_	23,400	_	32,205	 8,805
Total revenues		398,147		398,147		379,458	 (18 <u>,689</u> )
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Advertising		175		175		-	175
Bank fees		550		750		640	110
Clothing - uniforms		1,700		1,700		1,634	66
Depreciation and amortization		10,000		10,000		204,936	(194,936)
Dues and subscriptions		600		600		288	312
Equipment		5,500		5,500		1,038	4,462
Equipment repairs and maintenance		5,000		5,000		2,303	2,697
Equipment rental		1,000		1,000		441	559
Insurance		4,500		4,500		_	4,500
Meters		1,000		1,000		998	2
Professional fees		17,950		17,750		11,338	6,412
Publications		500		500		_	500
System repairs and maintenance		24,000		24,000		23,805	195
State fees		1,900		1,900		1,720	180
Telephone-communications		1,900		1,900		1,328	572
Temporary help		1,500		1,500		· -	1,500
Travel and training		2,000		2,000		907	1,093
Utilities		20,000		20,000		12,925	7,075
Vehicle fuel		2,500		2,500		2,466	34
Vehicle maintenance and repair		1,000		1,000		283	717
Payments to General Fund for:		-,		-,			-
Salaries		137,082		137,082		140,993	(3,911)
Protection of water system		13,162		13,162		13,162	(0,711)
Indirect costs		43,028		43,028		43,028	 <u> </u>
Total operating expenses		296,547		296,547		464,233	 (167,686)
Operating income (loss)		101,600		101,600		(84,775)	 (186,375)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)							
Interest income		13,000		13,000		4,281	(8,719)
Interest meome Interest expense		(45,000)		(45,000)			9,625
USDA loan payment		(69,600)		(69,600)		(35,375)	
OSDA loan payment						<u>-</u>	 69,600
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	_	(101,600)		(101,600)		(31,094)	 70,506
Change in net assets		<del>-</del>	•	<u>-</u>		(115,869)	 (115,869)
FUND NET ASSETS							
Beginning						1,145,146	 1,145,146
Ending	\$		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,029,277	\$ 1,029,277

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets
Budget and Actual - Similar Trust Fund (Cemetery)
Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sale of lots	\$ 2,000	\$	\$ (2,000)
Total operating revenues	2,000	<del>-</del>	(2,000)
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel services	6,500	6,461	39
Maintenance and repairs	150	14	136
Utilities	150	116	34
Professional fees	200	200	<b>-</b>
Indirect costs	300	300	
Total operating expenses	7,300	7,091	209
Operating income (loss)	(5,300)	(7,091)	(1,791)
NONOPERATING REVENUES			
Interest income	5,100	3,410	(1,690)
Miscellaneous			(200)
Total nonoperating revenues	5,300	3,410	(1,890)
Change in net assets	<u>\$</u>	(3,681)	(3,681)
FUND NET ASSETS			
Beginning		130,589	130,589
Ending		\$ 126,908	\$ 126,908

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Pı	oprietary Fund (Water)	Trust	ilar Fund etery)	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u> </u>			 
	\$	260 010	\$		\$ 360.010
Receipts from customers and users  Payments to employees	J)	369,910 (137,081)	Φ	(6,461)	369,910 (143,542)
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers		(137,081)		(669)	(132,558)
1 ayments to suppliers		(151,005)		(002)	 (132,336)
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities		100,940		<u>(7,130</u> )	 93,810
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
General obligation bond payments:		(0.201)			(0.201)
Principal		(9,301)		-	(9,301)
Interest		(35,375)		_	(35,375) 786,719
Proceeds Purchases of fixed assets		786,719 (738,809)		-	(738,809)
Fulchases of fixed assets		(730,009)			 (736,609)
Net cash provided by capital and					
related financing activities		3,234			 3,234
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from investments		143,596		(3,381)	140,215
Interest income		4,281		3,410	 7,691
Net cash provided by investing activities		147,877		29	 147,906
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		252,051		(7,101)	244,950
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Beginning .		31,722		8,056	 39,778
Ending	<u>\$</u>	283,773	\$	955	\$ 284,728
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CONSIST OF:					
Unrestricted cash	\$	124,984	\$	955	\$ 125,939
Restricted cash		158,789	<del></del>		 158,789
Total cash	<u>\$</u>	283,773	\$	955	\$ 284,728

# TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund and Similar Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2010

(Concluded)

		oprietary Fund Water)	Similar Trust Fund (Cemetery)		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING					
LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED					
BY (USED IN ) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$	(01 775)	<b>e</b> (7.0)	)1\	(01.966)
Operating loss	Ъ	(84,775)	\$ (7,0	91) \$	(91,866)
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		204,936		-	204,936
Deposits		1,114		-	1,114
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable		(9,472)		-	(9,472)
Accrued expenses		3,912	(3	19)	3,873
Deferred bond costs		(15,243)		_	(15,243)
Accounts payable		468		<u> </u>	468
Net cash provided by (used in)					
operating activities	<u>\$</u>	100,940	\$ (7,13	<u>(0)</u>	93,810

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting Entity

The Town of Windsor is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor, vice mayor and a five-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the Town of Windsor, Virginia.

### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All significant interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and proprietary funds. The major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Preparation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Continued)

Property taxes, sales and use taxes, other local taxes, shared expenses and interest income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

The government reports only one major Governmental Fund – the General Fund. The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund and accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The government reports one Proprietary Fund – the Water Fund. The Water Fund accounts for the operation of water services for the Town. The government also reports one Similar (Trust) Fund – the Cemetery Fund. The Cemetery Fund accounts for the sale of cemetery plots for the Town.

The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The Proprietary and Fiduciary (Trust) Funds apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The Proprietary Fund and the Similar (Trust) Fund distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with each fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Water Fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. The principal operating revenue of the Cemetery Fund is the sale of cemetery plots. Operating expenses for the Cemetery Fund include the cost of sales and maintenance expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available-for-use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2009

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Continued)

### Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

### Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments consist of certificates of deposit with original maturities exceeding three months at the date of acquisition.

### Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The Town calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance for uncollectible taxes amounted to \$54,996 at June 30, 2010.

Real estate taxes, levied July 1, and personal property taxes, levied January 1, are billed annually and are due December 5 of each year. Tax rates for bills due December 5, 2009, were \$.10 per \$100 assessed value for real estate, \$.50 per \$100 assessed value for personal property, \$.10 per \$100 assessed value of machinery and tools, and \$.10 per \$100 assessed value for mobile homes.

A ten-percent penalty is imposed on all delinquent taxes collected after the due date. Interest is imposed at the next billing cycle at the rate of ten percent annually. Real estate taxes receivable are maintained for ten years and personal property taxes receivable for five years before they are written off.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes are based upon the rate levied by Town Council multiplied by the taxable assessed value. The assessed value of real estate and personal property is determined for the Town by the Commissioner of Revenue of the County of Isle of Wight.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES (Concluded)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings and improvements	25-40 уеагя
Infrastructure	25 years
Water system and towers	25 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years
Computer software	3 years

### **Long-term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, bond repayment obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activity, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuance costs during the period incurred. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an "other financing source."

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reconciles the net change in fund balance – total governmental funds and change in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$12,294 difference are as follows:

Capital outlays	\$	62,006
Depreciation expense		(74,300)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund		
balances – total governmental funds to arrive at		
changes in net assets of Governmental Funds	\$_	(12,294)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Water and Cemetery Funds. Annual operating budgets are adopted by ordinances and resolutions passed by the Town Council for those funds. Special revenue funds do not have an annual operating budget adopted by Town Council. The Town does not integrate the use of encumbrance accounting in any of its funds. The Town Council authorizes the original budgets and revisions, if any, at the department level.

### NOTE 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

### Deposits

At year-end, the carrying value of the Town's deposits with banks and savings institutions was \$1,325,980 and the bank balance was \$1,653,780. The bank balance was covered by Federal depository insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act.

Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. The State Treasury Board is responsible for monitoring compliance with the collateralization and reporting requirements of the Act and for notifying local governments of compliance by banks. There were no uninsured or uncollateralized amounts at June 30, 2010.

### Investments

At June 30, 2010, the Town's investment balance consists of the following:

General Fund Certificates of deposit	<u>\$ 464,757</u>
Business-type Funds Certificates of deposit	<u>\$ 228,868</u>

### NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at year-end are as follows:

Fund	_]	Receivable	Payable		
General Fund	\$	181,012	\$	-	
Proprietary Fund		<del>_</del>		<u> 181,012</u>	
	<u>\$</u>	181,012	\$	<u> 181,012</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

## NOTE 6. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

Amounts due from other governmental units at year-end are as follows:

Isle of Wight County:	
State sales tax	\$ 5,779
Traffic fines	 6,544
Total	\$ 12,323

### NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity at year-end was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Balance July 1,			Balance June 30,
	2009	_Additions_	<u>Deletions</u>	2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land	\$ 340,3 <u>5</u> 5	<u>\$</u> _	\$	<u>\$ 340,355</u>
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and				
improvements	680,301	-	_	680,301
Infrastructure	131,103	-	-	131,103
Vehicles and equipment	456,336	51,326	-	507,662
Software	35,180	10,680	<u>-</u>	45,860
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,302,920	62,006	· <u> </u>	<u>1,364,926</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and				
improvements	272,488	16,647	_	289,135
Infrastructure	45,897	6,622	_	52,519
Vehicles and equipment	283,001	51,031	_	334,032
Software	35,181		<u> </u>	35,181
Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets being depreciated, net	630,567	74,300		
•				
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,006,708</u>	<u>\$ (12,294)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 994,414</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 7. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type activities:				
	Balance			Balance
	July 1,	4 4 45.4	<b>5.</b> 4)	June 30,
a tel see effets	2009	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 31,474	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,474
Construction in process	<u>76,774</u>	<u>738,808</u>		<u>815,582</u>
Total capital assets not				
being depreciated	108,248	738,808	<del></del>	<u>847,056</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Structures and				
improvements	1,495,864	-	-	1,495,864
Water mains	1,590,012	-	-	1,590,012
Meters and equipment	<u>479,380</u>		<del>-</del>	<u>479,380</u>
Total capital assets being	2.55.25			
depreciated	3,565,256			3,565,256
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and				
improvements	569,159	59,450	-	628,609
Water mains	1,037,354	99,983	-	1,137,337
Meters and equipment	<u>254,853</u>	45,176		300,029
Total accumulated				
depreciation	1,861,366	204,609	<del></del>	<u>2,065,975</u>
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	<u>1,703,890</u>	534,199		1,499,281
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,812,138</u>	<u>\$ 534,199</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,346,337</u>

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

### Business-type activities

The Town authorized and issued a general obligation bond to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The original amount of this general obligation bond was \$820,000. The general obligation bond is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the Town.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 8. LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS (Concluded)

Payments of principal and interest of 4.50% per year are due monthly in the amount of \$3,723 through January 2043. The balance at June 30, 2010, is \$763,926.

The Town authorized and issued a general obligation bond to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. The original amount of this general obligation bond was \$879,000. The general obligation bond is a direct obligation and pledges the full faith and credit of the Town. Beginning April 2011, payments of principal and interest of 3.25% per year are due monthly in the amount of \$3,323 through June 2050. The balance at June 30, 2010, is \$879,000.

The annual future debt service requirement of the general obligation bond for fiscal years ended June 30 is as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	
2011	\$ 13,385	\$	41,259
2012	22,607		61,945
2013 .	23,496		61,056
2014	24,420		60,132
2015	25,382		59,170
2016 - 2020	142,763		279,999
2021 – 2025	173,389		249,371
2026 - 2030	210,789		211,972
2031 - 2035	256,504		166,256
2036 - 2040	312,432		110,328
2041 – 2045	267,550		47,659
2046 – 2050	<u>170,209</u>		13,147
	<u>\$ 1,642,926</u>	\$	1,362,294

The following is a summary of changes in the Town's long-term debt obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

Business-type activities:							
	]	Balance					Balance
		July 1,					June 30,
		2009	_I	ncreases	De	creases_	2010
General obligation debt	S	773.227	S	879.000	S	(9.301)	\$ 1.642.926

### NOTE 9. SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

The Town maintained the following surety bond coverage as of June 30, 2010:

Selective Insurance Company – Surety bond	
Interim Town Manager - blanket bond	\$ 50,000
Town Clerk - blanket bond	\$ 50,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 10. RETIREMENT PLAN

Name of Plan:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan:

Agent and Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit

Pension Plan

Administering Entity:

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

### Plan Description

All full time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with five years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters and sheriffs) or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years of service for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters and sheriffs) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7% of their average final salary (AFS) for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The System issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from the website <a href="http://www.varetire.org/Publications/Index.asp">http://www.varetire.org/Publications/Index.asp</a> or obtained by writing the System at P.O. Box 2500 Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

## **Funding Policy**

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. The Town may assume this 5% member contribution, which they have done. In addition, the Town is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using actuarial basis specified by the Code of Virginia and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Town's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, was 7.72% of annual covered payroll.

### **Annual Pension Cost**

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, the Town's annual pension cost of \$36,998 was equal to the Town's required and annual contributions. The required contributions were determined as part of the June 30, 2009, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75% to 5.60% per year, and (c) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Town's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. The method used techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

## NOTE 10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Concluded)

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Town of Windsor, Virginia

_	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
	6/30/2009	\$263,088	\$350,757	\$87,669	75.01%	\$415,657	21.09%
	6/30/2008	\$206,348	\$287,638	\$81,291	71.74%	\$461,576	17.61%
	6/30/2007	\$143,771	\$211,421	\$67,650	68.00%	\$410,282	16.49%
	6/30/2006	\$92,054	\$146,224	\$54,170	62.95%	\$324,554	16.69%
	6/30/2005	\$55,746	\$130,258	\$74,512	42.80%	\$222,070	33.55%

### NOTE 12. GRANTS

In the normal course of operations, the Town receives grant funds from various state and Federal agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of these audits, is not believed to be material.

## NOTE 13. LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The Town leases a building to the U.S. Postal Service under a non-cancelable lease expiring May 26, 2011. The building is adjacent to the Town Hall and the lease calls for monthly rent of \$1,500.

The Town also leased a dwelling during the year to one of the Town's employees for \$500 per month. The dwelling is adjacent to the Town Hall and there was no formal lease binding the parties. Subsequent to year end, the Council directed that this dwelling be taken out of service and demolished.

Future minimum rental income under non-cancelable operating leases for the year ending June 30, 2011 is \$16,500.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2010

### NOTE 14. GENERAL FUND REIMBURSEMENTS

Within the revenue from local sources, the General Fund includes reimbursements from the Water Fund in the amount of \$193,272 and from the Cemetery Fund in the amount of \$6,800. The reimbursements result from three sources: payroll, protection provided to the water system and indirect costs paid by the General Fund on behalf of the other Funds. The reimbursements are to cover the following expenses that were paid by the General Fund on behalf of the other funds:

Water Fund:		
Payroll	\$	137, 082
Protection of the water system		13,162
Overtime		1,200
Equipment		1,200
Equipment rental		1,455
Information technology		13,037
Main contracts		975
Postal services		1,852
Professional services		7,500
Supplies		2,985
Telephone		1,359
Travel and training		2,775
Vehicle allowance		1,820
Repair and maintenance		4,130
Utilities		2,760
	\$	193,272
Cemetery Fund:		
Payroll	\$	6,500
Other costs		300
	<u>\$</u>	6,800

These costs are reflected as reimbursements from the water and cemetery funds in the General Fund revenues and the costs included within the related expense categories of the General Fund, to comply with the budget that was adopted for the 2009-2010 year. In the water and cemetery fund, they are reflected as payments to the General Fund within the expenditures and not allocated to the various expense categories.

## NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 30, 2010, the date on which financial statements were available to be issued.

	 Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES	 		_	- <del></del>			
General property taxes:							
Current real estate tax	\$ 180,500	\$	180,500	\$ 198,554	\$	18,054	
Delinquent real estate tax	10,000		10,000	3,844		(6,156)	
Current mobile home tax	5,000		5,000	4,863		(137)	
Delinquent mobile home tax	100		100	1,459		1,359	
Current personal property tax	59,210		59,210	56,831		(2,379)	
Delinquent personal property tax	17,000		17,000	7,632		(9,368)	
Personal property tax relief	19,525		19,525	19,527		2	
Public Service Corporation tax	8,000		8,000	8,933		933	
Penalties and interest on							
delinquent taxes	 2,000	_	2,000	 6,474	<del></del>	4,474	
Total general property taxes	 301,335		301,335	 308,117		6,782	
Other local taxes:							
Bank franchise tax	92,000		92,000	125,596		33,596	
Communication/Cable franchise tax	74,000		74,000	69,890		(4,110)	
Cigarette tax	42,750		42,750	44,850		2,100	
Local sales tax	80,000		80,000	72,595		(7,405)	
Meals tax	172,000		172,000	183,155		11,155	
Utility tax	 85,000	_	85,000	 93,228		8,228	
Total other local taxes	 545,750		545,750	 589,314		43,564	
Revenue from other sources:							
Licenses:							
Merchants & other licenses	89,000		89,000	108,137		19,137	
Motor vehicle licenses	 38,000	_	38,000	 49,078		11,078	
Total licenses	 127,000	_	127,000	 157,215		30,215	
Post office rental	 18,000	_	18,000	 18,000		<u>-</u> _	
Traffic fines	 75,000		75,000	 88,417		13,417	
Total revenue from other sources	 220,000		220,000	 263,632		43,632	
Reimbursements from other funds:							
Water Fund	193,272		193,272	193,272			
Cemetary Fund	 6,800		6,800	6,800			
Total reimbursements from other funds	 200,072		200,072	 200,072			

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

(Concluded)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	_	favorable ifavorable)
REVENUE FROM LOCAL SOURCES								
Miscellaneous revenue:								
Administrative collection fee	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	14,704	\$	9,704
Asset forfeiture		-		1,183		-		(1,183)
Donations		-		200		200		-
Interest earned		15,000		15,000		14,251		(749)
Transfer from reserves		-		42,261		-		(42,261)
Other miscellaneous revenue	-	10,000	_	10,000	_	6,739		(3,261)
Total miscellaneous revenue		30,000	_	73,644		35,894		(37,750)
Total revenue from local sources		1,297,157	_	1,340,801		1,397,029		56,228
REVENUE FROM FEDERAL								
GOVERNMENT								
ARRA - Stimulus		65,000	_	65,000	_		_	(65,000)
Total revenue from the								
Federal Government		65,000		65,000		-		(65,000)
REVENUE FROM COMMONWEALTH								
OF VIRGINIA								
Categorical aid:								
Litter control		1,500		1,500		1,192		(308)
Police 599 funding		63,345		63,345		60,079		(3,266)
Fire program funds		8,000		8,000		8,000		
Total categorical aid		72,845	_	72,845		69,271		(3,574)
Noncategorical aid:								
Mobile home titling taxes		3,000		3,000		3,857		857
Grants		<u> </u>		24,997		19,597		(5,400)
Total noncategorical aid		3,000		27,997		23,454		(4,543)
Total revenue from the								
Commonwealth of Virginia		75,845		100,842		92,725		(8,117)
Total revenues	\$	1,438,002	<u>\$</u>	1,506,643	<u>\$</u>	1,489,754	<u>\$</u>	(16,889)

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Original <u>Budg</u> et	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
ADMINISTRATION				
Legislative				
Mayor and Council compensation	\$ 9,000	\$ 8,600	\$ 7,800	\$ 800
Advertising	1,650	1,650	856	794
Audit	15,000	15,000	14,000	1,000
Dues and subscriptions	1,600	1,800	1,673	127
Election expense	2,700	2,700	2,448	252
Travel and training	6,200	6,400	6,331	69
Total legislative expenses	36,150	36,150	33,108	3,042
Legal				
Legal services	36,000	36,000	30,665	5,335
Dues and subscriptions	200	220	220	-
Publications	200	200	155	45
Supplies	180	160	-	160
Travel and training	100	100		100
Total legal expenses	36,680	36,680	31,040	5,640
General Management				
Salaries and wages	156,709	156,709	155,072	1,637
Overtime	4,000	4,000	-	4,000
Non-compensation expenses:		-		•
FICA	11,990	11,990	11,643	347
Health Insurance	22,310	22,310	16,264	6,046
Retirement	23,210	23,210	12,775	10,435
Life Insurance	1,290	1,290	535	755
Advertising	150	150	-	150
Bank fees	450	750	696	54
Dues and subscriptions	1,100	1,100	955	145
Equipment	4,000	4,000	1,058	2,942
Equipment rental	4,850	5,650	5,064	586
Information technology	43,455	45,955	45,913	42
Maintenance contracts	3,250	4,250	4,235	15
Postal services	6,175	6,175	6,140	35
Professional services	25,000	18,800	7,851	10,949
Publications	6,850	6,550	4,675	1,875
Supplies	9,950	9,950		
= <del>-</del>	•		9,417	533
Telephone-communications	4,530	6,430	6,383	47
Travel and training	9,250	9,250	5,479	3,771
Vehicle allowance	6,000	6,000	4,400	1,600
Total general management	344,519	344,519	298,555	45,964
Total General Government				
Administration	417,349	417,349	362,703	54,646

PUBLIC SAFETY		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual		avorable favorable)
Police Department								
Salaries and wages	\$	209,205	\$	213,862	\$	215,850	\$	(1,988)
Overtime	Ψ	35,000	Ψ	38,000	Ψ	37,873	Ψ	127
Non-compensation expenses:		55,555		20,000		2,,0,0		
FICA		16,005		18,605		18,343		262
Health insurance		41,301		41,301		34,482		6,819
Retirement		25,670		25,670		24,224		1,446
Life insurance		1,716		1,716		1,220		496
Clothing - uniforms		2,000		2,000		1,935		65
Community relations		500		700		536		164
Dues and subscriptions		1,000		1,000		962		38
Equipment		4,500		4,500		4,465		35
Grant and asset forfeiture expense		•		32,152		29,889		2,263
Information technology		1,600		1,600		1,584		16
Investigations		400		400		301		99
Publications		250		250		194		56
Rental - facilities		660		660		577		83
Supplies		1,250		1,250		1,082		168
Telephone-communications		8,000		8,000		7,807		193
Travel and training		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Vehicle fuel		20,000		20,000		20,636		(636)
Vehicle repairs and maintenance		11,500	_	11,500	_	11,421		79
Total police		385,557		428,166		418,381	-	9,785
Fire Department								
Contribution		19,294		19,294		19,294		•
Grant		8,000		8,000	_	8,000		
Total fire department		27,294		27,294		27,294		
Rescue Squad								
Contribution		11,025		11,025		11,025		
Total public safety		423,876		466,485		456,700		9,785

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	vorable favorable)
PUBLIC WORKS							
Public works and property maintenance							
Salaries and wages	\$	71,094	\$	71,094	\$	71,363	\$ (269)
Overtime		6,500		6,500		-	6,500
Part-time		7,008		5,908		-	5,908
Non-compensation expenses:							
- FICA		5,440		5,440		4,974	466
Health insurance		12,940		14,040		13,974	66
Retirement		8,725		8,725		8,723	2
Life insurance		585		585		421	164
Building repairs and maintenance		11,800		11,800		9,375	2,425
Clothing - uniforms		1,700		1,700		1,634	66
Equipment		5,000		6,200		5,679	521
Equipment rental		1,500		1,500		-	1,500
Equipment repairs and maintenance		5,000		3,800		2,696	1,104
Rental property repairs and maintenance		4,000		4,000		151	3,849
Street and sidewalk maintenance		10,000		10,000		368	9,632
Street lights		37,500		37,500		24,203	13,297
Utilities		9,200		9,200		7,531	1,669
Vehicle fuel		6,550		6,550		1,875	4,675
Vehicle repairs and maintenance	_	2,500		2,500		138	 2,362
Total public works and property							
maintenance	-	207,042	_	207,042	_	153,105	 53,937
Refuse collection							
Residential collection		71,500		71,500		67,947	3,553
Seasonal clean-ups		5,000	_	5,000	_	2,261	 2,739
Total refuse collection	_	76,500	_	76,500	_	70,208	 6,292
Total public works	_	283,542	_	283,542		223,313	 60,229

	Original Budget			Final Budget		_Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)		
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT									
Planning and community development	Φ	45.000	•	45.000	•	40.577	0 0 103		
Salaries and wages	\$	45,000	\$	45,000	\$	42,577	\$ 2,423		
Compensation - Planning Commission		2,200		2,200		2,200	-		
Non-compensation expense:		2 4 4 5				2.010			
FICA		3,445		3,445		2,918	527		
Health insurance		8,270		8,270		7,943	327		
Retirement		5,530		5,530		5,430	100		
Life insurance		370		370		267	103		
Advertising		1,200		1,200		880	320		
Dues and subscriptions		400		400		265	135		
Professional services		5,000		5,000		190	4,810		
Publications		100		100		38	62		
Supplies		500		500		-	500		
Telephone-communications		870		870		752	118		
Travel and training		3,000		3,000		1,595	1,405		
Vehicle fuel		350		350		210	140		
Vehicle repairs and maintenance		1,450		1,450		444	1,006		
Total planning and community									
development		77,685		77,685	_	65,709	11,976		
Cultural events									
4th of July Celebration		3,000		3,000		648	2,352		
Christmas Holidays		1,000		1,000		194	806		
Other events		6,000		6,000		670	5,330		
Total cultural events		10,000		10,000		1,512	8,488		
Economic development									
Business appreciation		1,000		1,000		800	200		
Chamber of Commerce									
Dues and subscriptions		3,500		3,500		3,500	-		
Activities		1,000		1,000		576	424		
Other economic development activities		750		750			750		
Total economic development		6,250		6,250		4,876	1,374		
Total community development		93,935		93,935		72,097	21,838		

(Concluded)

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		_	avorable (favorable)
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
Police car	\$	36,000	\$	36,000	\$	35,216	\$	784
Sidewalks - ARRA		65,000		90,665		23,235		67,430
Total capital outlay		101,000	_	126,665		58,451		68,214
SPACE NEEDS								
Space Needs Sinking Fund expense		35,000		35,000		-		35,000
Planning			_		_	1,670		(1,670)
Total space needs		35,000		35,000		1,670		33,330
NON-DEPARTMENTAL								
Contingency		4,000		4,000		3,534		466
Contribution - Library		1,000		1,000		1,000		-
Contribution - TRIAD		800		800		800		-
Insurance		22,500		22,500		16,016		6,484
Payments to other governments		55,000	_	55,367	_	52,779		2,588
Total non-departmental	<del> </del>	83,300		83,667		74,129	_	9,538
Total expenditures	\$	1,438,002	\$	1,506,643	\$	1,249,063	\$	257,580

## Computation of Legal Debt Margin Year Ended June 30, 2010

Total assessed value of taxed real property	\$ 199,729,947
Legal debt limit: 10 percent of total assessed value of taxable property	19,972,995
Less: General obligation bonds outstanding	1,642,925
Legal debt margin	\$ 18,330,070

## NOTE:

Virginia state statute limits bond issuing authority of Virginia cities and towns to 10% of the assessed real estate value. The above calculation includes all debt secured by the full faith and credit of the Town.

There are no overlapping or underlying tax jurisdictions.

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Government-wide Revenues by Source Last Four Fiscal Years

Fiscal End June	eď	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		General Property Taxes		Miscellaneous Revenue and Other Local Taxes		Investment Earnings		Totals	
200	17	\$ 387,035	\$	9,191	\$	203,286	\$	618,431	\$	45,352	\$	1,263,295
200	8	479,497		77,622		259,415		655,031		46,257		1,517,822
200	19	556,365		117,343		312,852		747,494		22,772		1,756,826
201	.0	741,584		89,068		308,117		716,194		43,080		1,898,043

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA General Government Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Ended Property				Miscellaneous			Inter- overnmental	Totals		
2001	\$	92,454	\$	284,424	\$	196,048	\$	8,990	\$	581,916	
2002		69,383		468,707		93,814		24,164		656,068	
2003		115,219		456,728		94,255		15,995		682,197	
2004		139,248		476,723		99,106		73,681		788,758	
2005		164,505		545,527		148,032		18,220		876,284	
2006		179,879		535,071		179,141		14,151		908,242	
2007		203,287		639,594		140,354		24,811		1,008,046	
2008		259,416		681,312		218,775		88,287		1,247,790	
2009		303,725		784,127		174,687		110,429		1,372,968	
2010		308,117		589,314		299,526		292,797		1,489,754	

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA Government-wide Expenditures by Function Last Four Fiscal Years

_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	d General		Public Public Safety Works			Community Development			Water Services		Cemetery		Totals		
	2007	\$	491,736	\$ 265,780	\$	112,012	\$	18,354	\$	430,485	\$	6,768	\$	1,325,135		
	2008		557,887	385,767		126,423		20,622		476,176		2,111		1,568,986		
	2009		534,782	436,382		116,126		15,515		467,726		2,276		1,572,807		
	2010		530,641	435,309		223,313		72,097		499,608		7,091		1,768,059		

## TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA General Government Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total		Non- departmental	Capital Outlay		Community Development		Public Works		Public Safety		dminis-	cal Year General Ended Adminis- une 30 tration	
\$ 383,364	5	\$ 33,219	65,461	\$	9,759	5	48,786	\$	60,295	\$	165,844	\$	2001
553,342		73	148,892		32,099	9	74,629		90,079		207,570		2002
542,646		-	91,228		31,890	4	81,314		94,018		244,196		2003
710,320		1,465	192,629		15,218	2	84,112		118,418		298,478		2004
1,131,708		40,649	377,949		16,574	9	88,049		259,209		349,278		2005
823,551		47,378	84,553		22,195	2	85,342		221,604		362,479		2006
884,808		23,893	76,920	·	18,354	3	110,453		265,780		389,408		2007
1,103,600		49,090	96,459		20,622	3	126,423		385,767		425,239		2008
1,034,164		38,490	9,052		15,515	6	116,126		436,382		418,599		2009
1,249,063		74,129	58,451		72,097	3	223,313		456,700		364,373		2010

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Assessed Value of Taxable Property
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Real Estate		Personal Property	 Public Utility Real Estate	 Public Utility Personal Property	 Total
2001	\$ 30,686,40	0 \$	7,941,880	\$ 4,344,597	\$ 263,253	\$ 43,236,130
2002	73,638,30	0	16,589,351	5,011,094	335,839	95,574,584
2003	85,983,50	0	18,509,126	4,175,273	545,977	109,213,876
2004	86,346,10	0	17,967,586	4,517,932	510,804	109,342,422
. 2005	110,627,80	0	19,739,925	3,675,956	493,752	134,537,433
2006	115,734,20	0	21,100,862	3,755,112	448,661	141,038,835
2007	170,233,00	0	25,628,613	3,605,725	390,186	199,857,524
2008	177,637,10	0	25,129,326	4,917,427	585,997	208,269,850
2009	198,682,10	0	26,802,743	5,327,000	580,940	231,392,783
2010	199,729,94	7	24,044,087	6,139,873	558,683	230,472,590

NOTE: Assessed values provided by Isle of Wight County, Commissioner of Revenue.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Real Estate		Personal Property	Machinery and Tools	Mobile Homes		
2001	\$ 0.1	.9 \$	0.50	\$ 0.10	\$	0.19	
2002	0.1	.9	0.50	0.10		0.19	
2003	0.0	8	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2004	0.0	8	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2005	0.1	0	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2006	0.1	0	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2007	0.0	8	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2008	0.1	0	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2009	0.1	0	0.50	0.10		0.08	
2010	0.1	0	0.50	0.10		0.10	

NOTE: Per \$100 of assessed value.

TOWN OF WINDSOR, VIRGINIA
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Total Tax Levy	rrent Tax	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	otal Tax	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Levy
2001	\$ 92,748	\$ 87,869	94.74%	\$ 3,215	\$ 91,084	98.21%	\$ 11,318	12.20%
2002	80,841	68,568	84.82%	815	69,383	85.83%	14,546	17.99%
2003	107,013	103,329	96.56%	11,890	115,219	107.67%	14,153	13.23%
2004	107,797	104,430	96.88%	3,367	102,246	94.85%	14,166	13.14%
2005	165,000	162,316	98.37%	2,189	164,505	99.70%	14,166	8.59%
2006	192,806	173,385	89.93%	6,494	179,879	93.30%	16,097	8.35%
2007	213,600	199,999	93.63%	1,194	201,193	94.19%	24,060	11.26%
2008	262,468	246,069	93.75%	516	246,585	93.95%	20,470	7.80%
2009	338,615	291,911	86.21%	921	292,832	86.48%	48,448	14.31%
2010	318,084	301,268	94.71%	12,934	314,202	98.78%	54,996	17.29%

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2010

Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct programs: Water and Waste Disposal Systems		
For Rural Communities (Loan) *	10.760	<u>\$ 754,051</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards		<u>\$ 754,051</u>

<sup>\*</sup> Major Program

## NOTE A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The above schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Town and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2010

### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of Town of Windsor, Virginia.
- 2. One significant deficiency disclosed during the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The deficiency is reported as a material weakness.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Town of Windsor, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Town of Windsor expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 5. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133 are reported in this schedule.
- 6. The program tested as a major program was CFDA #10.760, the Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities.
- 7. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- 8. The Town of Windsor was determined to be a high-risk auditee.

### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

### MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

### 2010-1 Financial Statements

Condition: Management seeks the assistance of the auditor in drafting the financial statements, recording debt and major capital, and conversion of financial statements to GASB 34.

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provides reasonable assurance that the system will prevent, detect, and correct potential misstatements in the financial statements and disclosures.

Effect: Management relied on the auditor to draft the financial statements and make significant adjusting journal entries to the financial statements.

Recommendation: Town Council should evaluate the finding disclosed to assess the cost benefit of hiring accounting staff with the high level of expertise necessary to prepare the financial statements and disclosures that would be required by an ideal system of internal control.

Summary of Compliance Matters June 30, 2010

As more fully described in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance, we performed tests of the Town's compliance with certain provisions of the laws, regulations, contracts, and grants shown below.

### FEDERAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## STATE COMPLIANCE MATTERS

## Code of Virginia:

Budget and Appropriation Laws Cash and Investment Laws Debt Provisions Retirement Systems Procurement

## **State Agency Requirements:**

Personal Property Tax Relief Act Uniform Disposition of Unclaimed Property Act Enhanced 911 Service Taxes

## LOCAL COMPLIANCE MATTERS

Budget Laws
Town Purchasing and Procurement Policies and Procedures
Town Personnel Policies and Procedures
Town Investment Policy

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Windsor, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of Town of Windsor, Virginia (a nonprofit organization) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Windsor, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Windsor's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibly that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Windsor, Virginia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Town of Windsor, Virginia in a separate letter dated November 30, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Town of Windsor, Virginia, others within the entity, the Board of Trustees, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dian 4. Smith, CPA, PC

November 30, 2010



# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Members of Town Council Town of Windsor, Virginia

## Compliance

We have audited the Town of Windsor's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010. The Town's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Town's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2010-1 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the Town of Windsor, Virginia, did not comply with requirements regarding their ability to draft the financial statements, record debt and major capital and convert the financial statements to GASB 34. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the Town of Windsor, Virginia, to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, the Town of Windsor, Virginia, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2010.

### **Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Town of Windsor, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (2010-1) to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Town Council, management and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Diane y. Smith, CPA, PC

November 30, 2010